

# 香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃 Hong Kong Public Opinion Program of Hong Kong Public Opinion Research Institute

# 「公民社會贊助計劃」 Civic Society Sponsorship Scheme

# 第五號研究報告 Research Report No. 5

調查日期: 2021 年 11 月 15 至 18 日 Survey Date: 15 to 18 November 2021

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#### 研究背景

#### Background

香港民意研究所之香港民意研究計劃 (香港民研) 自 2019 年 7 月起推出「公民社會贊助計劃」。任何人士如果單獨或合資贊助港幣\$12,000,可向香港民研建議在下次調查專列中加入題目一條,範疇不拘。香港民研會把提問方式調校至專業水平,然後進行調查,再發表結果兼鳴謝所有贊助人士,包括無名氏,而所得資源會撥入一般常設調查專列的項目。

香港政府在新冠肺炎疫情期間的旅遊限制已經實施多時,社會上有意見希望政府放寬有關限制。為此,Hong Kong Free Press 決定透過「公民社會贊助計劃」建議香港民研進行調查,題目為:「如果香港喺疫情期間放寬旅遊限制,你會比較希望政府先方便香港人前往內地,定係先方便香港人前往海外?[「內地」及「海外」以隨機次序排列]」調查於 2021 年 11 月 15 至 18 日期間透過真實訪問員隨機抽樣電話訪問,最終錄得 1,011 個成功個案。

The Hong Kong Public Opinion Program (HKPOP) under the Hong Kong Public Opinion Research Institute started the "Civic Society Sponsorship Scheme" in July 2019, whereby any person or group sponsoring HK\$12,000 is entitled to suggest one question on whatever topic for inclusion in HKPOP's next omnibus survey. HKPOP would professionally fine-tune the question, run the survey, and then release the result with proper acknowledgement of the sponsor(s) who may choose to remain anonymous. HKPOP would use the resources generated to fund its regular tracking surveys.

The HKSAR Government has implemented COVID-19 pandemic-related travel restrictions for quite some time, there are views in the society that such restrictions could be lifted. Hong Kong Free Press then decided to sponsor HKPOP via its Civic Society Sponsorship Scheme to run this survey question: If Hong Kong were to relax travel restrictions amid the pandemic, would you prefer to see the government take immediate steps to facilitate Hongkongers travelling to the mainland OR travelling overseas? ["mainland" and "overseas" in random order]. The survey was carried out from 15 to 18 November 2021 through random telephone interviews by real interviewers. A total of 1,011 successful cases was collected.

#### 調查結果

#### **Survey Result**

以下為是次調查的樣本資料及結果:

Herewith the contact information and result of this survey:

表1:樣本資料

Table 1: Contact Information

調查日期

15-18/11/2021

55.4%

Date of survey

Survey method

: 由真實訪問員以電腦隨機抽樣電話訪問形式進行 Random telephone survey conducted by real interviewers

訪問對象

調查方法

: 18 歲或以上操粵語的香港居民

Target population

Cantonese-speaking Hong Kong citizens aged 18 or above

成功樣本數目

: 1,011 個成功個案(包括 507 個固網及 504 個手提個案)

Sample size

**1,011** successful cases (including 507 landline and 504 mobile samples)

實效回應比率

Effective response rate

Effective response rac

抽樣誤差<sup>[1]</sup> Standard error : 標準誤差少於 1.6 個百分比,即在 95%置信水平下,各個百分比的抽樣

誤差不多於正負3.1個百分比。

Less than 1.6% (at 95% confidence level, the maximum sampling error of all

percentages should be no more than 3.1 percentage points)

加權方法

Weighting method

: 按照政府統計處提供的統計數字以「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。全港 人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字來自《二零二零年年中人口數字》,而教 育程度(最高就讀程度)及經濟活動身分統計數字則來自《香港的女性 及男性-主要統計數字》(2020年版)。

The figures have been rim-weighted according to figures provided by the Census and Statistics Department. The gender-age distribution of the Hong Kong population came from "Mid-year population for 2020", while the educational attainment (highest level attended) distribution and economic activity status distribution came from "Women and Men in Hong Kong – Key Statistics (2020 Edition)".

[1] 此公報中所有誤差數字均以 95%置信水平計算。95%置信水平,是指倘若以不同隨機樣本重複進行有關調查 100 次,則 95 次各自計算出的誤差範圍會包含人口真實數字。由於調查數字涉及抽樣誤差,傳媒引用百分比數字時,應避免使用小數點,在引用評分數字時,則可以使用一個小數點。

All error figures in this release are calculated at 95% confidence level. "95% confidence level" means that if we were to repeat a certain survey 100 times with different random samples, we would expect 95 times having the population parameter within the respective error margins calculated. Because of sampling errors, when quoting percentages, journalists should refrain from reporting decimal places, whereas one decimal place can be used when quoting rating figures.

<u>表 2:頻數表</u> <u>Table 2: Frequency Table</u>

如果香港喺疫情期間放寬旅遊限制,你會比較希望 政府先方便香港人前往內地,定係先方便香港人前	調杏口甘	月 Date of survey:
往海外?[「內地」及「海外」以隨機次序排列]		-18/11/2021
If Hong Kong were to relax travel restrictions amid the		
pandemic, would you prefer to see the government take		
immediate steps to facilitate Hongkongers travelling to	頻數	百分比 Percentage
the mainland OR travelling overseas? ["mainland" and	Frequency	(基數 Base=1,011)
"overseas" in random order]		
前往內地 Travel to the mainland	496	49.7%
前往海外 Travel overseas	383	38.4%
以上皆否 Neither	63	6.3%
唔知/難講 Don't know / hard to say	57	5.7%
合計 Total	999	100.0%
拒答 Refusal	12	

### 以下為是次調查的被訪者背景資料:

Herewith the demographic profile of respondents:

表 3:性別 Table 3: Gender

	原始樣	本 Raw sample	加權樣本	Weighted sample
	頻數 百分比 Percentage		頻數	百分比 Percentage
	Frequency	(Base 基數=1,011)	Frequency	(Base 基數=1,011)
男 Male	455	45.0%	476	47.1%
女 Female	556	55.0%	535	52.9%
合計 Total	1,011	100.0%	1,011	100.0%

表 4:年龄 Table 4: Age

	原始樣	本 Raw sample	加權樣本	Weighted sample
	頻數	百分比 Percentage	頻數	百分比 Percentage
	Frequency	(Base 基數=984)	Frequency	(Base 基數=984)
18 – 24	50	5.1%	79	8.1%
25 – 34	144	14.6%	148	15.1%
35 – 44	135	13.7%	165	16.8%
45 – 54	165	16.8%	174	17.7%
55 – 64	180	18.3%	197	20.0%
65 +	310	31.5%	220	22.4%
合計 Total	984	100.0%	984	100.0%
拒答 Refusal	27		27	

表 5:教育程度

Table 5: Education attainment

	原始樣	本 Raw sample	加權樣本	Weighted sample
	頻數	百分比 Percentage	頻數	百分比 Percentage
	Frequency	(Base 基數=998)	Frequency	(Base 基數=998)
小學或以下 Primary or below	178	17.8%	189	18.9%
中學 Secondary	436	43.7%	458	45.9%
大專或以上 Tertiary or above	384	38.5%	351	35.2%
合計 Total	998	100.0%	998	100.0%
拒答 Refusal	13		13	

<u>表 6:職業</u> <u>Table 6: Occupation</u>

	原始樣本	Raw sample	加權樣本 We	eighted sample
		百分比		百分比
	頻數	Percentage	頻數	Percentage
	Frequency	(Base 基數	Frequency	(Base 基數
		=995)		=995)
行政及專業人員 Executive and professional	205	20.6%	217	21.8%
文職及服務人員 Clerical and service worker	162	16.3%	203	20.4%
勞動工人 Production worker	108	10.9%	153	15.3%
學生 Student	32	3.2%	44	4.4%
料理家務者 Homemaker/housewife	155	15.6%	108	10.8%
退休人士 Retried	291	29.2%	216	21.7%
失業/待業/其他非在職 Unemployed	39	3.9%	52	5.2%
其他 Others	3	0.3%	3	0.3%
合計 Total	995	100.0%	995	100.0%
拒答 Refusal	16		16	

表 7:政治取向 Table 7: Political inclination

	原始樣本	Raw sample	加權樣本 We	eighted sample
		百分比	 	百分比
	頻數	Percentage	頻數	Percentage
	Frequency	(Base 基數	Frequency	(Base 基數
		=976)	! !	=974)
傾向民主派 Inclined toward the pro-democracy camp	191	19.6%	194	19.9%
傾向建制派 Inclined toward the pro-establishment camp	164	16.8%	156	16.0%
傾向本土派 Inclined toward the localist	83	8.5%	93	9.5%
傾向中間派 Inclined toward the centrist	274	28.1%	278	28.5%
其他 Others	1	0.1%	1	0.1%
方政治傾向/政治中立/唔屬於			1 1 1	
任何派別 No political inclination	204	20.9%	194	19.9%
/ politically neutral / don't belong	204	20.770	174	17.770
to any camp			 	
唔知/難講 Don't know / hard to say	59	6.0%	59	6.1%
合計 Total	976	100.0%	974	100.0%
拒答 Refusal	35		37	

附錄一:詳細樣本資料

## **Appendix 1: Detailed Contact Information**

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage
   確定為不合資格的電話號碼		
Respondents' ineligibility confirmed	2,400	5.5%
傳真機號碼 Fax/data line	241	0.6%
無效電話號碼 Invalid number	1,231	2.8%
電話轉駁號碼 Call-forwarding/mobile/pager	173	0.4%
非住戶/非個人手提電話號碼 Non-residential/mobile number	354	0.8%
言語不通 Language problem	365	0.8%
被訪者不合資格 No eligible respondents	26	0.1%
其他問題 Special Technological circumstances	10	<0.1%
未能確定是否具合資格被訪者的電話號碼 Respondents' eligibility not confirmed	40,169	91.9%
電話線路繁忙 Always busy	4,852	11.1%
電話無人接聽 No answer	11,568	26.5%
電話錄音 Answering device	11,141	25.5%
密碼阻隔 Call-blocking	19	<0.1%
被訪者於篩選題前中斷訪問 Interview terminated before the screening question	112	0.3%
預約跨越調查期限 - 未能確定是否具合資格被訪者 Appointment date beyond the end of the fieldwork period – Respondents' ineligibility not confirmed	12,470	28.5%
其他問題 Others	7	<0.1%
確定具合資格被訪者的電話號碼,但未能進行訪問 Respondents' eligibility confirmed, but failed to complete the interview	110	0.3%
家人拒絕接受訪問 Household-level refusal	5	<0.1%
被訪者拒絕接受訪問 Known respondent refusal	4	<0.1%
預約跨越調查期限 - 確定具合資格被訪者 Appointment date beyond the end of the fieldwork period – Respondents' eligibility confirmed	56	0.1%
未能完成整個訪問 Partial interview	35	0.1%
其他問題 Miscellaneous	10	<0.1%
成功訪問樣本 Successful cases	1,011	2.3%
合計 Total	43,690	100.0%

#### 實效回應比率計算方法:

Calculation of effective response rate:

<sup>\*</sup> 包括「未能完成整個訪問」及「被訪者於篩選題前中斷訪問」 Including "partial interview" and "interview terminated before the screening question"

<sup>^</sup> 即「被訪者拒絕接受訪問」 Including "household-level refusal" and "known respondent refusal"

<sup>#</sup> 按照訪問紀錄的已知比例推算 Figure obtained by pro-rata

附錄二:深入分析

**Appendix 2: In-depth Analysis** 

深入分析顯示,只有年齡組別,教育程度及政治取向之結果在統計學上(於 p=0.01 水平)出現顯著差異,有關數字如下:

In-depth analysis shows that only the results by age groups, education attainment and political inclination have statistically significant difference (at p-0.01 level), as shown below:

如果香港喺疫情期間放寬旅遊限制,你會 比較希望政府先方便香港人前往內地,定 係先方便香港人前往海外?[「內地」及「海 外」以隨機次序排列] If Hong Kong were to relax travel restrictions amid the pandemic, would you prefer to see the government take immediate steps to			(綜合數據) (aggregated)	
facilitate Hongkongers travelling to the mainland OR travelling overseas?  ["mainland" and "overseas" in random order]	18-34	35-54	55+	總樣本 Overall sample
前往內地 Travel to the mainland	21.3%	58.0%	58.7%	49.7%
前往海外 Travel overseas	69.9%	33.7%	24.6%	38.3%
以上皆否 Neither	7.0%	5.3%	6.5%	6.2%
唔知/難講 Don't know / hard to say	1.8%	3.0%	10.2%	5.7%
슴計 Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
合計人數(原始)Total count (raw)	193	299	482	974

如果香港喺疫情期間放寬旅遊限制,你會 比較希望政府先方便香港人前往內地,定 係先方便香港人前往海外?[「內地」及「海 外」以隨機次序排列] If Hong Kong were to relax travel restrictions	教育程度 (綜合數據) Education attainment (aggregated)			
amid the pandemic, would you prefer to see the government take immediate steps to facilitate Hongkongers travelling to the mainland OR travelling overseas?  ["mainland" and "overseas" in random order]	小學或以下 Primary or below	中學 Secondary	大專或以上 Tertiary or above	心水牛
前往內地 Travel to the mainland	64.4%	57.3%	31.5%	49.5%
前往海外 Travel overseas	13.5%	33.9%	57.1%	38.4%
以上皆否 Neither	8.7%	5.7%	6.1%	6.4%
唔知/難講 Don't know / hard to say	13.3%	3.0%	5.3%	5.7%
合計 Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
合計人數(原始)Total count (raw)	172	431	384	987

如果香港喺疫情期間放寬旅遊限制,你會比較希望政府先方便香港人前往內地,定係先方便香港人前往 <u>海外</u> ?[「內地」及「海外」以隨機次序	政治取向* Political inclination*					
If Hong Kong were to relax travel restrictions amid the pandemic, would you prefer to see the government take immediate steps to facilitate Hongkongers travelling to the mainland OR travelling overseas? ["mainland" and "overseas" in random order]	傾向民主派 Inclined toward the pro- democracy camp	傾向建制派 Inclined toward the pro- establishment camp	傾向本土派 Inclined toward the localist	傾向中間派 Inclined toward the centrist	有政治傾向 /政治中立 /唔屬於任 何派別 No political inclination / Politically neutral / Don't belong to any camp	總樣本 Overall sample
前往內地 Travel to the mainland	25.1%	81.7%	21.7%	56.3%	51.7%	49.8%
前往海外 Travel overseas	67.4%	12.2%	73.0%	31.5%	7.7%	38.1%
以上皆否 Neither	5.0%	1.9%	5.3%	7.7%	7.3%	6.2%
唔知/難講 Don't know / hard to say	2.5%	4.3%		4.5%	13.9%	5.9%
슴計 Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
合計人數(原始)Total count (raw)	190	164	83	274	200	969

<sup>\*</sup>由於次樣本較小,「其他」及「唔知/難講」之分項數字不列於表內。

<sup>\*</sup>Due to the rather small sub-sample size, the breakdowns of "others" and "don't know / hard to say" are not shown in the table.

## 附錄三:「公民社會贊助計劃」系列 Appendix 3: "Civic Society Sponsorship Scheme" Survey Series

調查序號 Serial no.	調查日期 Date of survey	調查題目 Survey question
1	2019.10.17-23	中文 (文字版): 你贊不贊成香港獨立?中文 (口語版): 你贊唔贊成香港獨立?English: Do you agree to Hong Kong being independent?
2	2019.10.29-31	中文(文字版): 你有多支持或反對美國以《香港人權及民主法案》制裁負責取消黃之鋒參選資格的政府官員?中文(口語版): 你有幾支持或者反對美國以《香港人權及民主法案》制裁負責取消黃之鋒參選資格嘅政府官員? English: How much do you support or oppose the U.S. using the Hong Kong Human Rights and Democracy Act to sanction the government official(s) responsible for disqualifying Joshua Wong from running in election?
3	2019.11.12-15	中文(文字版):你有多支持或反對美國以《香港人權及民主法案》或其他法案,去制裁香港警務處處長,以表明他要為所有違規濫用暴力的警員負責?中文(口語版):你有幾支持或者反對美國以《香港人權及民主法案》或者其他法案,去制裁香港警務處處長,以表明佢要為所有違規濫用暴力嘅警員負責? English: How much do you support or oppose the U.S. using the Hong Kong Human Rights and Democracy Act or other legislations to sanction the Hong Kong Commissioner of Police for his responsibility over police brutality demonstrated by individual police officers?
4	2020.10.19-22	中文(文字版):最近有建議認為居住在中國內地的香港人,可以在香港進行選舉時在內地投票,但居住在香港以外其他地方的香港人,包括在台灣或海外居住的香港人都不可以。你有多支持或反對這個建議?中文(口語版):最近有建議認為住喺中國內地嘅香港人,可以喺香港進行選舉時喺內地投票,但住喺香港以外其他地方嘅香港人,包括喺台灣或者海外居住嘅香港人都不可以。你有幾支持或者反對呢個建議? English: There is a recent suggestion that Hongkongers living in Mainland China should be allowed to vote in Hong Kong elections, but not for Hongkongers living elsewhere outside Hong Kong, like those living in Taiwan or overseas. How much do you support or oppose this suggestion?

5	2021.11.15-18	中文(文字版):如果香港在疫情期間放寬旅遊限制,你會比較希望政府先方便香港人前往內地,還是先方便香港人前往海外?[「內地」及「海外」以隨機次序排列]中文(口語版):如果香港喺疫情期間放寬旅遊限制,你會比較希望政府先方便香港人前往內地,定係先方便香港人前往海外?[「內地」及「海外」以隨機次序排列] English: If Hong Kong were to relax travel restrictions amid the pandemic, would you prefer to see the government take immediate steps to facilitate Hongkongers travelling to the mainland OR travelling overseas? ["mainland" and "overseas"
		in random order]