HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所

Latest Tracking Poll Results

December 27, 2023

Flow of Press Conference

- HKPORI's future development
- 2023 Review and 2024 Forecast Survey
- PSI Report No. 6.17
- Free comments
- Media Q&A

HKPORI's Future Development





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首頁 新聞公報 研究報告 民意調查 數據查冊 意見群組 關於我們 支持我們 存檔網站 登入 🕿 English 🔍

最熱數據

問題	價格	下載次數
假設明天選舉特首,而你又有權投票,你會晤會選李家超做特首?	\$0	7
你對特區政府嘅整體表現滿晤滿意?	\$0	5
如果10分代表十分民主,0分代表完全晤民主,5分代表一半半,你會畀幾多分香港社會?	\$0	5
如果10分代表十分自由,0分代表完全晤自由,5分代表一半半,你會畀幾多分香港社會?	\$0	5
如果10分代表十分法治,0分代表完全晤法治,5分代表一半半,你會畀幾多分香港社會?	\$0	4
請你對特首李家超嘅支持程度給予評分, 0 分代表絕對唔支持, 100 分代表絕對支持, 50 分代表一半半,你會畀幾多分特首李家超?	\$0	3
整體嚟講,你信唔信任香港特區政府?	\$0	3
現在香港面對好多問題,你個人最關心邊種問題?	\$0	3
如果10分代表十分繁榮,0分代表完全晤繁榮,5分代表一半半,你會畀幾多分香港社會?	\$0	3
如果10分代表十分安定,0分代表完全晤安定,5分代表一半半,你會畀幾多分香港社會?	\$0	3
請你用0至10分評價你對香港政治問題嘅關心程度,0分代表完全唔關心,10分代表十分關心,5分代表一半半。你會畀幾多分?	\$0	2
整體嚟講,你對香港而家嘅民生狀況有幾滿意或者不滿?	\$0	2



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HKPORI's Future Development



Survey Topic

- 2023 Review and 2024 Forecast Survey
- PSI Report No. 6.17

Contact Information

- Date of survey: 8-16/12/2023
- Survey method: Random telephone survey conducted by real interviewers
- Target population: Cantonese-speaking Hong Kong residents aged 18 or above
- Sample size: 501 (including 250 landline and 251 mobile samples)
- Effective response rate: 52.2%
- Sampling error: Sampling error of percentages not more than +/-4%, that of net values not more than +/-8% and that of ratings not more than +/-0.1 at 95% conf. level
- Weighting method: Rim-weighted according to figures provided by the Census and Statistics Department. The gender-age distribution of the Hong Kong population came from "Mid-year population for 2022", while the educational attainment (highest level attended) distribution and economic activity status distribution came from "Women and Men in Hong Kong Key Statistics (2022 Edition)".

Appraisal of HK's development in the year past

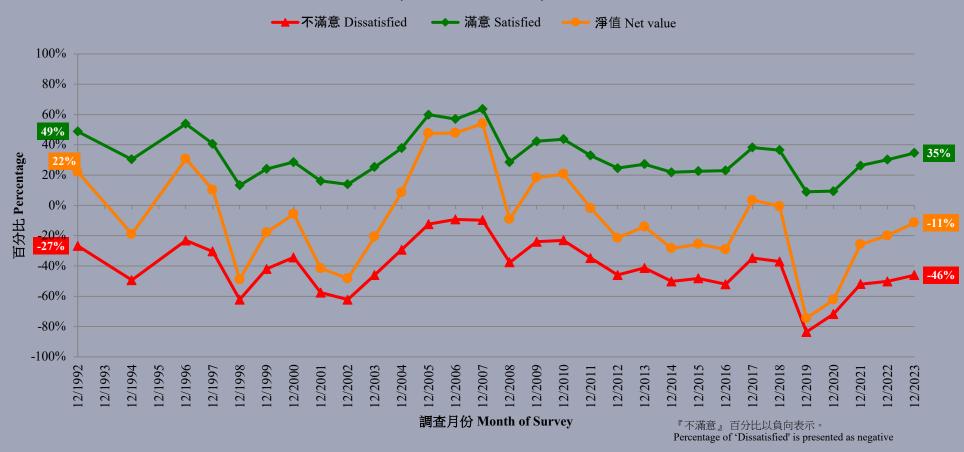
	5-9/12/2022	8-16/12/2023	Change	Record
Satisfaction rate	30%	35%	4%	Record high since Dec 2018
Dissatisfaction rate	50%	46%	V 4%	Record low since Dec 2018
Net satisfaction rate	-20%	-11%	▲9%	Record high since Dec 2018
Mean value	2.6	2.7	▲0.1	

Our latest year-end survey shows that 35% were satisfied with Hong Kong's development in the year past, 46% were dissatisfied, giving a net satisfaction of negative 11 percentage points. The mean score is 2.7, meaning between "quite dissatisfied" and "half-half" in general. Overall appraisal has continued to improve, but the change over the year past is within sampling error.

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市民對香港過去一年發展的滿意度(按次計算)

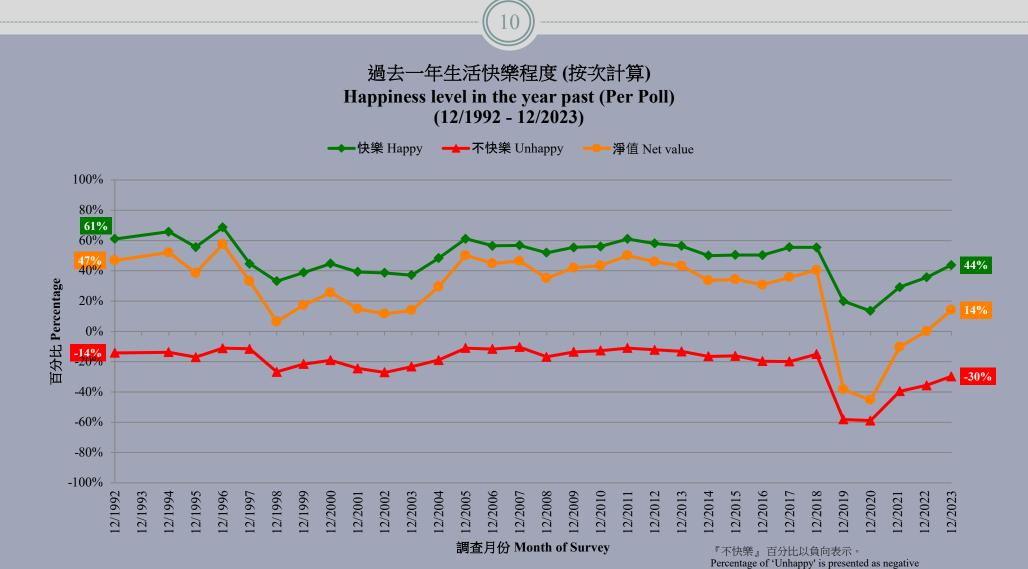
Satisfaction with Hong Kong's development in the year past (Per Poll) (12/1992 - 12/2023)



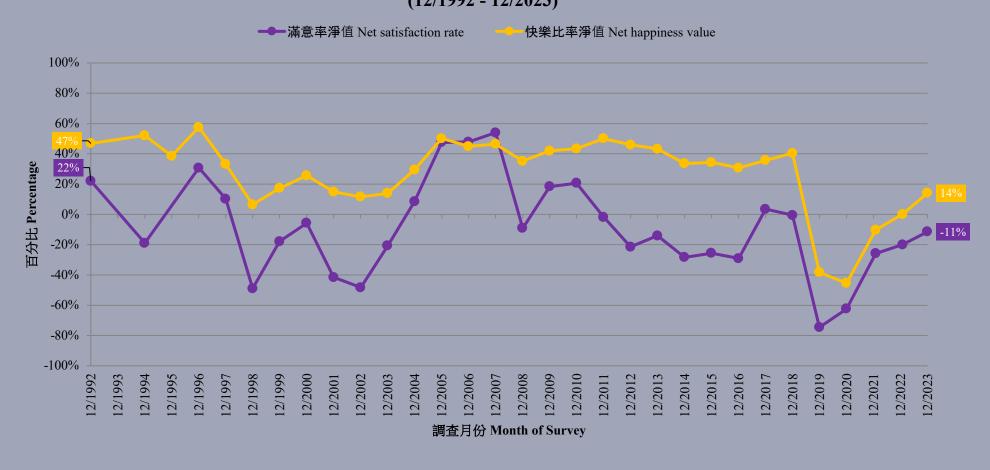
Happiness level in the year past

	5-9/12/2022	8-16/12/2023	Change	Record
Нарру	36%	44%	▲8%*	Record high since Dec 2018
Unhappy	36%	30%	▼ 6%	Record low since Dec 2018
Net happiness value	<1%	14%	14% *	Record high since Dec 2018
Mean value	2.9	3.1	▲0.2*	

o At the individual level, 44% said they lived a happy life in the year past, 30% said they were not happy, giving a net happiness value of positive 14 percentage points, which is a very significant 14-percentage-point increase from last year. The mean score is 3.1, meaning close to "half-half" in general, also a significant rise compared to last year.



對香港過去一年發展的滿意度及生活快樂程度 (按次計算)
Satisfaction with HK's development and happiness level in the year past (Per Poll)
(12/1992 - 12/2023)



12)

Expectation of HK's development next year

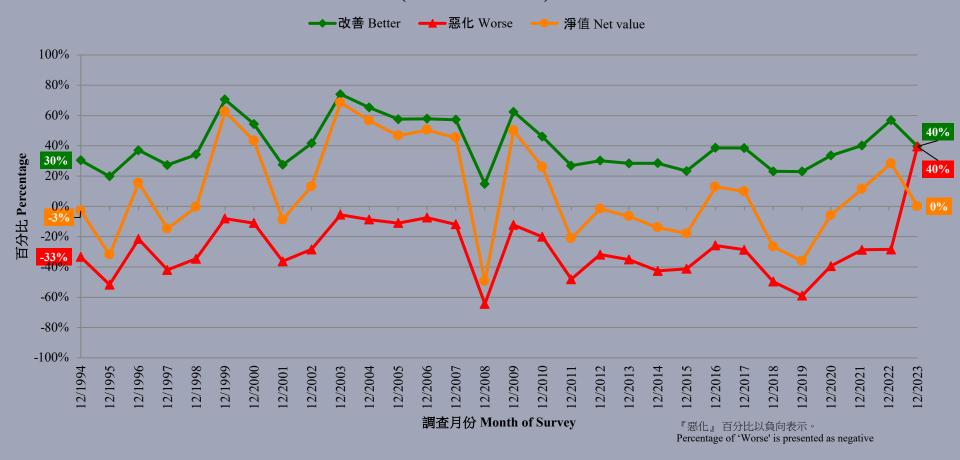
	5-9/12/2022	8-16/12/2023	Change	Record
Better	57%	40%	▼ 17%*	Record low since Dec 2020
Worse	28%	40%	11% *	Record high since Dec 2019
Net optimism	28%	0%	▼ 28%*	Record low since Dec 2020

• Looking ahead, 40% expected Hong Kong's overall development next year would be better than this year, while another 40% said it would be worse, giving a net optimism of 0 percentage point, which has plummeted by 28 percentage points and a very significant **drop** compared to last year.

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預期來年香港整體發展(按次計算)

Expectation of Hong Kong's development next year (Per Poll) (12/1994 - 12/2023)



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Expectation of personal development next year

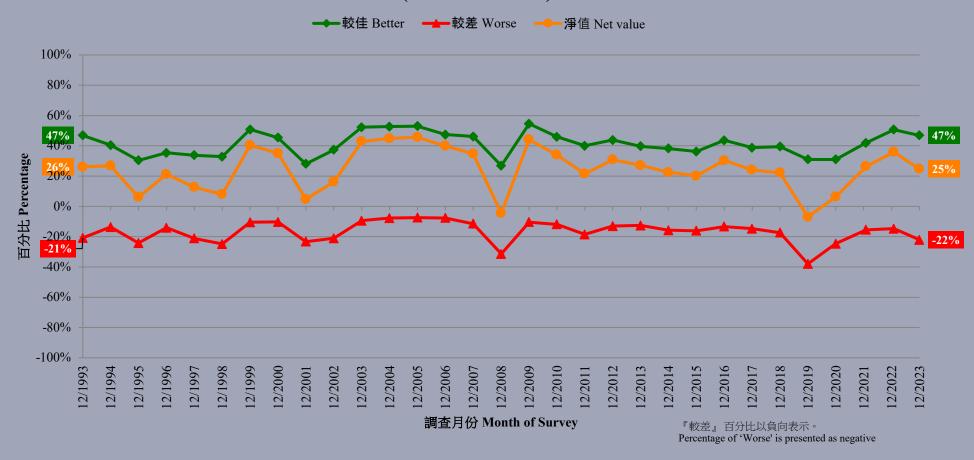
	5-9/12/2022	8-16/12/2023	Change	Record
Better	51%	47%	V 4%	Record low since Dec 2021
Worse	15%	22%	▲ 7%*	Record high since Dec 2020
Net optimism	36%	25%	V 11%*	Record low since Dec 2020

• As for the personal development, 47% believed they would become better in coming year, 22% thought they would be getting worse, giving a net optimism of positive 25 percentage points, which is a significant 11-percentage-point drop from last year.

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預計來年個人發展(按次計算)

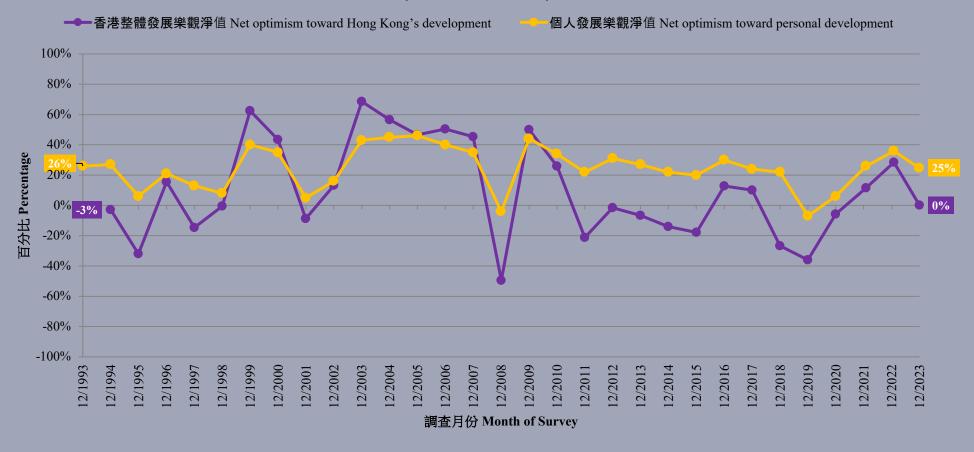
Expectation of personal development next year (Per Poll) (12/1993 - 12/2023)



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預計來年香港整體發展及個人發展(按次計算)

Expectation of Hong Kong's development and personal development next year (Per Poll) (12/1993 - 12/2023)



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New Year wishes

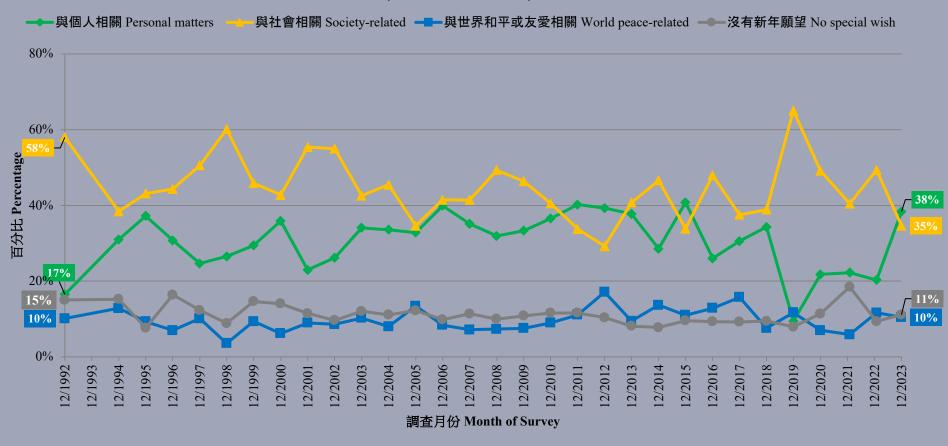
	5-9/12/2022	8-16/12/2023	Change	Record
Personal matters	20%	38%	18% *	Record high since Dec 2015
Society-related	49%	35%	V 15%*	Record low since Dec 2015
World peace-related	12%	10%	V 1%	Record low since Dec 2021
No special wish	9%	11%	▲2 %	Record high since Dec 2021

• As for people's New Year wishes, 38% were related to personal matters, 35% were society-related and 10% were world peace-related. The percentage of wishes related to personal matters has increased very significantly, and that of wishes related to the society has decreased significantly, registering their record high and low respectively since December 2015. Meanwhile, 11% said they did not have New Year wishes, which was similar to the figure last year.



新年願望(按次計算)

New Year wishes (Per Poll) (12/1992 - 12/2023)

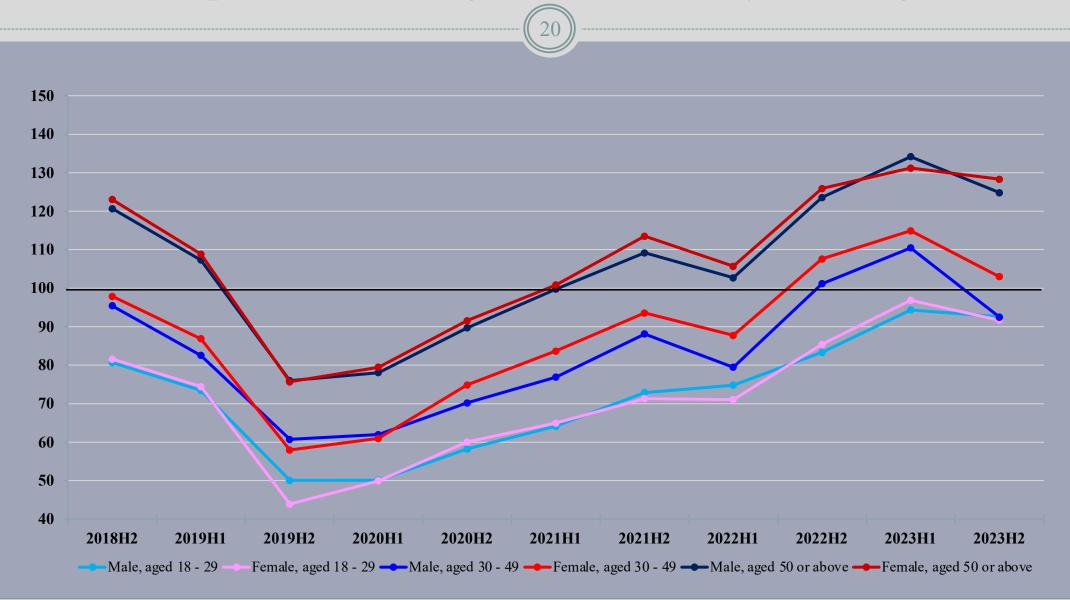


Survey Topic

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- 2023 Review and 2024 Forecast Survey
- PSI Report No. 6.17

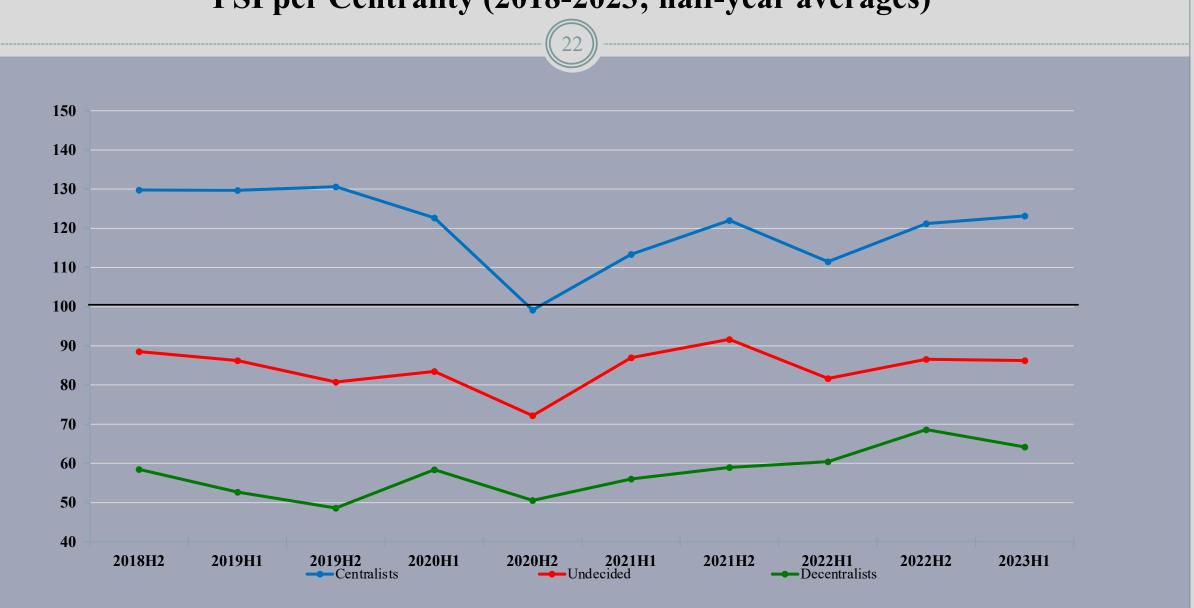
PSI Report No. 6.14: PSI per Gender and Age (2018-2023; half-year averages)



PSI Report No. 6.15: PSI per Economic Activity Status (2018-2023; half-year averages)

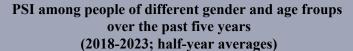


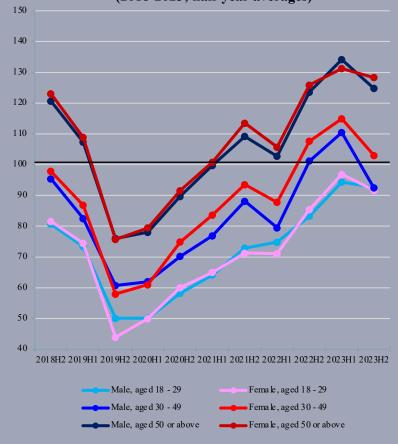
PSI Report No. 6.16: PSI per Centrality (2018-2023; half-year averages)



PSI Report No 6.17

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PSI among people of different economic activity status over the past five years (2018-2023; half-year averages)



PSI among people of different centrality over the past five years (2018-2023; half-year averages)



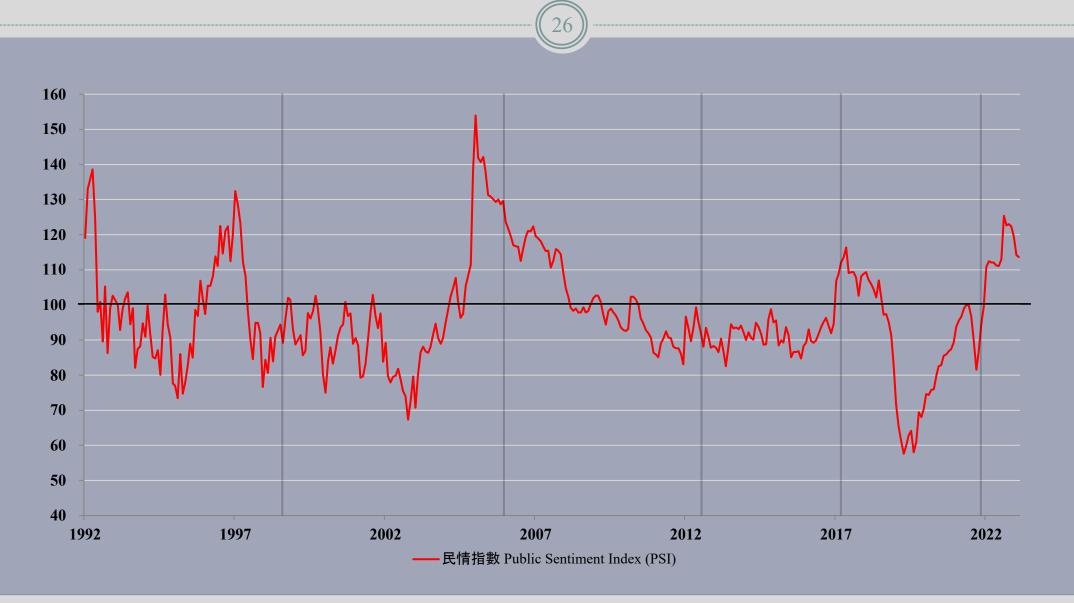
PSI Report No. 6.17 – Concluding Remarks

• From the analyses of three demographic variables (i.e. gender and age, economic activity status, and centrality) in this third aggregate report, **covariation** continues to be the trend.

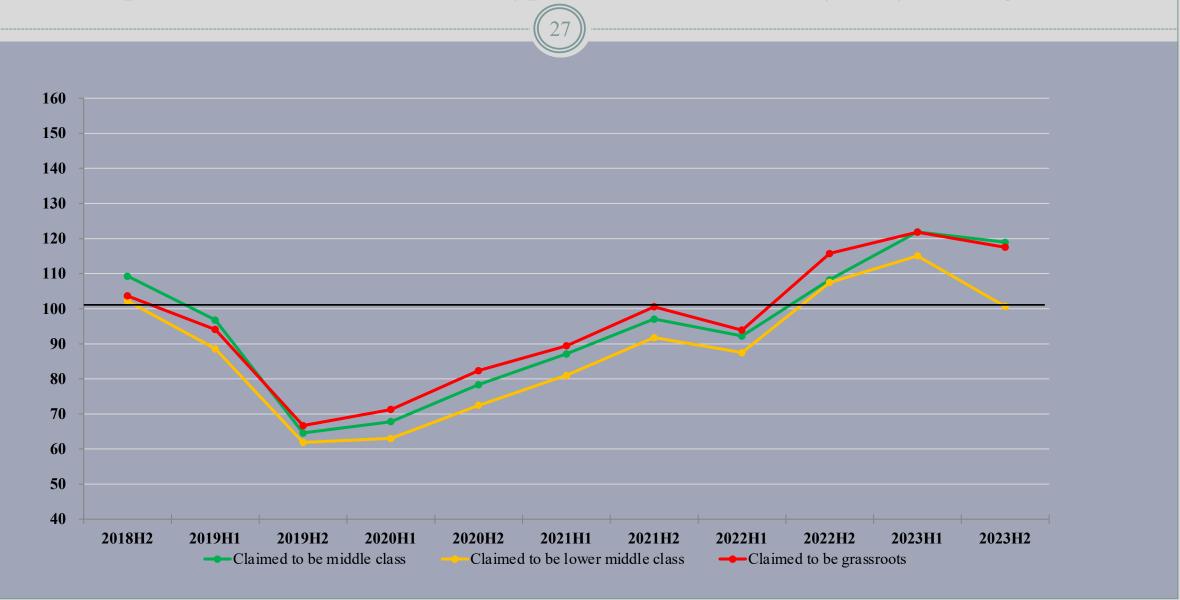
- The factor of **age** is found to be more important than gender, while **students** consistently remain to be the **most unhappy group**.
- Centrality seems to be the deepest factor, since it has a clear structure with relatively small fluctuations.

Second Generation PSI Summary of the 1st Release Cycle

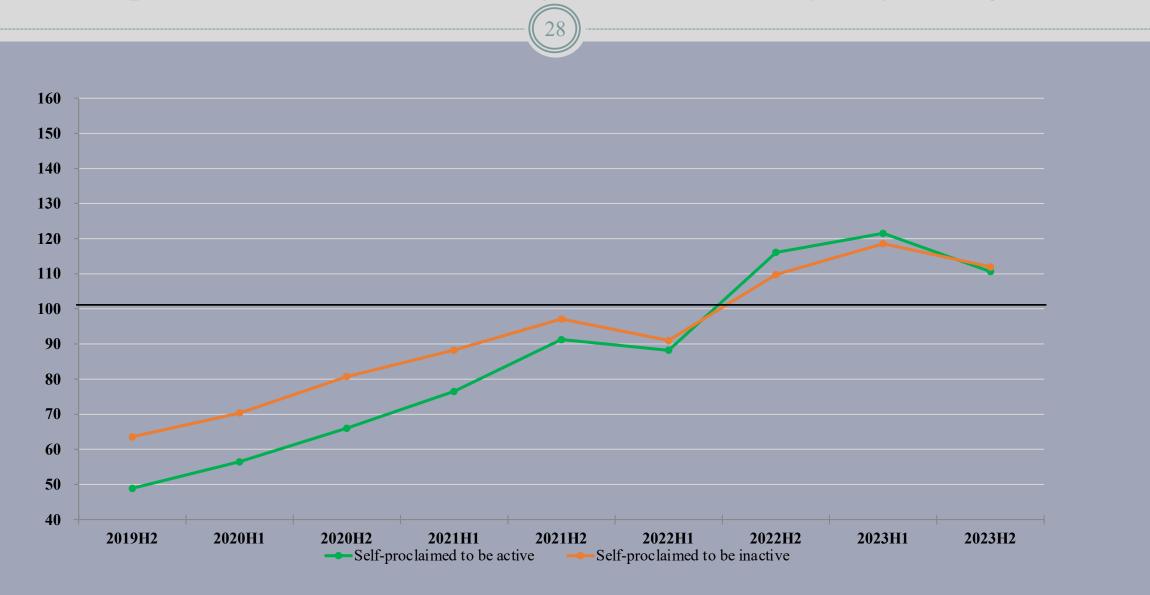
PSI Report No. 6.7: Monthly PSI figures (1992-2023; monthly averages)



PSI Report No. 6.5: PSI per Social Strata (Second Type) (2018-2023; half-yearly averages)



PSI Report No. 6.4:
PSI per Activeness in Civil Society (2019-2023; half-yearly averages)



PSI Report No. 6.9: PSI per Housing Type and Ownership (2018-2023; half-yearly averages)



PSI Report No. 6.14: PSI per Gender and Age (2018-2023; half-year averages)



PSI Report No. 6.11: PSI per Age (2018-2023; half-yearly averages)



PSI Report No. 6.11: PSI per Generation (2018-2023; half-yearly averages)



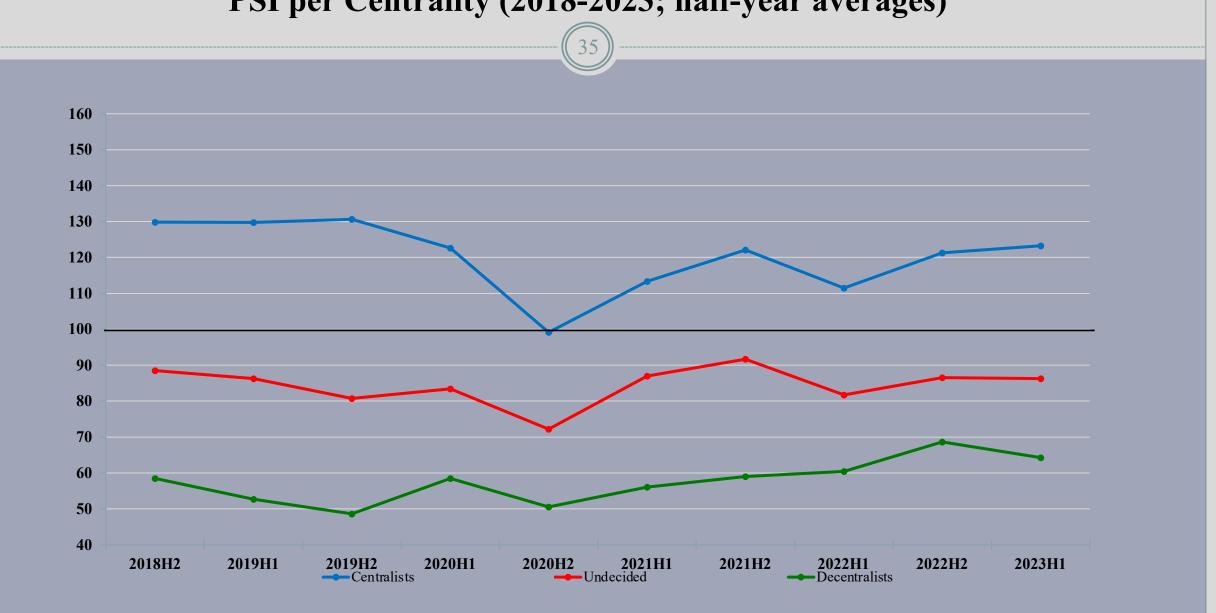
PSI Report No. 6.12: PSI per Educational Attainment (2018-2023; half-yearly averages)



PSI Report No. 6.10: PSI per Ethnic Identity (2018-2023; half-yearly averages)



PSI Report No. 6.16: PSI per Centrality (2018-2023; half-year averages)



PSI Report No. 6.2: PSI per Political Camps (2018-2023; half-yearly averages)

